



# Introduction to the Modern 5G World and Challenges

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### Introductory Framework\_(1/3)

- Internet and communication networks are "critical" tools for most areas and sectors of our modern societies & economies.
- They are radically transforming our world and do constitute fundamental "pillars" for any evolutionary process supporting effort for growth and development.
- The communication networks and the wider modern services/facilities environment of the year 2020 will be "enormously richer and much more complex than those of today".
- The underlying (usually heterogeneous) network infrastructure will be able of "connecting everything" according to an extended multiplicity of application-specific requirements (thus including users, equipment, things, goods, computing centres, content, knowledge, information and processes), in a purely flexible, mobile, and quite powerful way.









### Introductory Framework\_(2/3)

- ➡ Modern innovative aspects <u>not only necessitate but also imply for</u>
  the proper establishment and the <u>effective operation</u> of a relevant
  novel kind of infrastructure, able to provide network features and
  performance characteristics assuring progress and growth in all corresponding
  domains (i.e., technical, business, financial, regulatory, social, etc.).
- → The "inclusion" of modern features (such as of virtualisation and of software-based network functionalities) in network communications infrastructures will support the actual transitional process, via further strengthening network flexibility and reactivity,
  - by providing a proper means for better network management
  - and for the offering of new services.









### Introductory Framework\_(3/3)

- Market "actors" (network operators and service providers, manufacturers, SMEs, end-users, etc.) are expected to be strongly involved in such processes.
- This will "redefine" existing value chains and reform roles and/or relationships between market "players", whilst creating new and dynamic opportunities for novelty and investments.
- → These changes will also take place within the forthcoming "fifth generation" -or 5G- of telecoms systems, that will be the most critical building block of our "digital society" in the next decade.

### 5G will not only be an evolution of mobile broadband networks, but

- will bring new unique network and service capabilities,
- will create a sustainable and scalable technology,
- will establish a proper ecosystem for technical/business innovation.







### Challenges for Infrastructures\_(1/3)

- The European economy has to "maintain" but also to "fortify" both its role and influence within the global international environment, strongly influenced by the fast Internet penetration.
- It is important to realize innovative actions and to expand knowledge so that "to keep a strong position in a strategically important market such as the one of the ICT sector".
- ➡ The diversity of new (personal and professional) usages, leads to new requirements on availability, latency, reliability, trustworthiness and security.
- Appearance of new trends, with the related features/functionalities much more closely "embedded" within the network applications.
- Users gradually become more and more "demanding" in terms of contents and service requirements.
- ♣ Privacy and sustainability issues become of prime importance, thus implying for resilient constraints on networks and service platforms.









### Challenges for Infrastructures\_(2/3)

### Appearance of a variety of major challenges:

- "Handling" of the increased network traffic together with the provision of all necessary capacity and/or spectrum availability, so that to serve/fulfil all relevant requests coming from different services, devices and users.
- Accommodation of novel classes of services/facilities (e.g., covering attributes coming from the IoT, M2M communications or content-based applications, or by any other future "complex" environment that may potentially appear), while preserving a "low" -or a kind of "reasonable"- CAPEX and OPEX features, supporting economies of scale and avoidance of unnecessary investments.
- Strengthening Internet's penetration in all sectors of our lives and economies, by making it an "indispensable means" for realizing an explicit, ubiquitous and dependable infrastructure in mobile, wireless and fixed communications. Internet "drivers" are all kind of services/applications from low (sensor and IoT) to high throughput rates
- Supporting of all actions for providing a guaranteed level of Quality of Service/Quality of Experience (QoS/QoE) together with enhancement of privacy and security over the Internet, especially for professional uses and with the aim of offering optimal performance.
- Making the communication critical infrastructures "as resilient as required" by consumers of interconnected critical infrastructures (such as smart grid).
- Supporting measures for realizing reduced energy consumption.

(e.g. high quality video streaming) and from low to high latency.









### Challenges for Infrastructures\_(3/3)

## The forthcoming novel 5G infrastructure "faces" most of the identified challenges and will offer reliable solutions!

5G will be much more that the next step beyond 4G: it is expected to be the "core functional system of our modern digital society and economy", thus generating a truly converged and tremendously "dense" communication infrastructure, integrating IT systems (e.g., processing and storage) with plentiful network resources.

5G is to become a sort of universal, highly flexible and ultra-low latency virtualized infrastructure,

- capable of serving immense numbers of smart terminals, machines, things, sensors, cars, drones, etc.,
- with significant processing and storage capabilities that may be exponentially increased, via relevant Cloud-based applications.









### The European Policy Approach to 5G\_(1/6)

5G networks will not only be based on transport and routing/switching technologies but will be more "flexible and open".

5G networks are expected to evolve more easily than today's networks and also to embed sensing, computing and storage resources in a converged and unified infrastructure, able to "orchestrate" the delivery of services in a secure manner.

5G networks will provide a significantly higher system capacity than today and solve any anticipated spectrum scarce.

**5G networks should also promote** -to the extent possible- **a common network management for mobile and wireless,** in terms of

- constant performance optimisation,
- fast failure recovery,
- fast adaptations to changes in network loads, architecture, infrastructure and technology.







### The European Policy Approach to 5G\_(2/6)

### Within the 5G-PPP framework, the following KPIs have been identified:

- Possibility for the provision of 1000 times higher wireless area capacity and of more varied service capabilities, if compared to those of 2010.
- Saving up to 90% of energy per service provided. (Here, the main focus should be in mobile communication networks, where the dominating energy consumption comes from the radio access network).
- Reduction of the average service creation time cycle from 90 hours to 90 minutes.
- Creation of a sufficiently secure, reliable and dependable Internet, with a "zero perceived" downtime for services provision.
- Facilitating future **very "dense" deployments of wireless communication links to connect over 7 trillion wireless devices serving over 7 billion people,** thus realizing the option of "connecting everything or everyone at any time at any place".
- Enabling advanced user controlled privacy, to guarantee a proper level of protection of the facilities offered.
  5G





### The European Policy Approach to 5G\_(3/6)

### The development of the forthcoming 5G systems will be based

on an ecosystem of close cooperation between industry, SMEs and the research community

### with the aim of:

- developing innovative -but also applicable/viable- solutions;
- guaranteeing the exploitation of such in global standards & markets;
- ensuring interoperability and economies of scale, with affordable cost for system deployment and the end-users.









### The European Policy Approach to 5G\_(4/6)



### The global environment



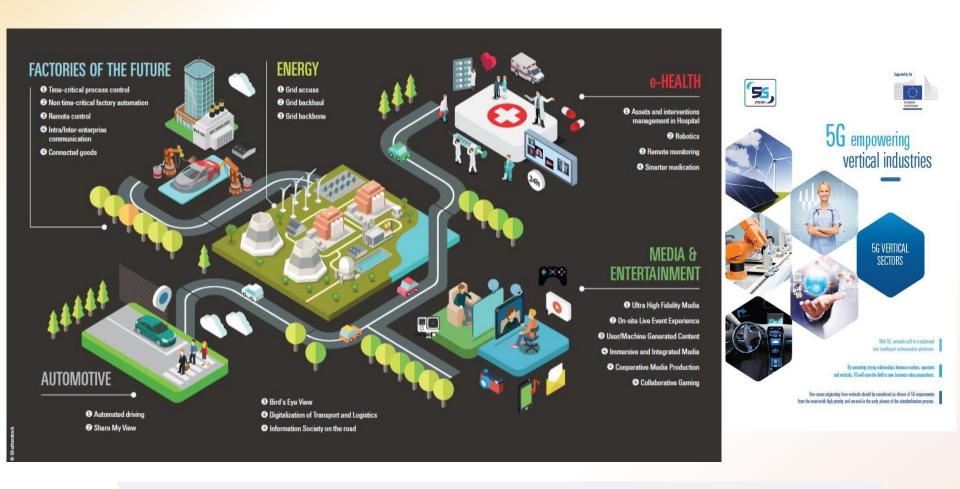


European Commission





### The European Policy Approach to 5G\_(5/6)



### European Approach within the 5G-PPP Framework

Source: 5G-PPP, <a href="https://5g-ppp.eu/">https://5g-ppp.eu/</a>









### The European Policy Approach to 5G\_(6/6)

#### 5G IA WGs & Activities

#### 5G-PPP Projects WGs

#### NetWorld 2020 WGs

#### Pre-standardization WG

Develop a roadmap of relevant standardization and regulatory topics for 5G.

Evaluate existing roadmaps at international level.



#### Trials WG

Develop the 5G Pan-EU Trials Roadmap, expanding the work initiated by Industry and EC in the context of the 5G Manifesto and of the 5G Action Plan (5GAP).

#### Software Networks (SDN and NFV) WG

Defines the cloud native design of 5G system: from the IT to Telco.



#### SME WG

Show the expertise and innovation of SMEs in 5G and beyond, to increase their participation in global projects and collaborations

#### Spectrum WG

Identify research advancements, establish and promote a comprehensive and coherent view from 5G-PPP Projects and WGs on 5G spectrum. Support the 5G IA on 5G spectrum issues



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#### Security WG

Foster development of 5G Security (Content and Community wise) the way it should be for 5G to generate the necessary trust and confidence to release its full potential

#### 5G Architecture WG

ocus on architectural requirements for verticals and design of network slicing based overall architecture to meet those requirements. Sharing architecture solutions and results.



#### SatCom WG

Define Vision for & Prioritize SatCom related research topics. Foster: fixed/mobile Satellite network CV with 5G network and the link between SatCom Research and standards, Inputs to EC research plans

#### Vision and Societal Challenges WG

Identify societal, economic, environmental, business and technological benefits associated with 5G development

#### ITU-R IMT2020 Evaluation SEFFRA

Support ITU-R RITs evaluation process. Perform independent evaluation of IMT-2020 RIT proposals.

Prepare complete evaluation report. Focus on 3GPP Releases 15 and 16.

#### Network Mgmt & QoS WG

Maintain network state, ensuring services are properly delivered to users, expected QoS is enforced for delivering such services, and security is preserved.

#### Media WG

(NEM Initiative and NetWorld2020)

Identify the Media & content domain requirements and the corresponding impacts on 5G.

#### 5G International cooperation Activity

Support harmonisation activities on 5G vision, requirements, concepts. architectures and solutions in order to build global consensus on 5G

### 56 MIF 56





#### Community building and Public Relations Activity

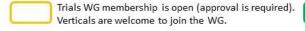
To ensure coherence and maximum impact of 5G-PPP through coordinated communication and public relation activities on program level.

#### **Automotive WG**

ocuses on connected and automated mobility. Range of topics, such as use cases and KPIs, business aspects, spectrum usage, infrastructure capabilities, security and safety.

#### 5G-PPP Contractual Arrangement, KPIs Activity

Assess the contribution of each project to KPIs and ensure efficient collaboration among 5G-PPP projects to reach KPIs targets



WGs on specific Verticals

### 5G IA and 5G-PPP Working Groups





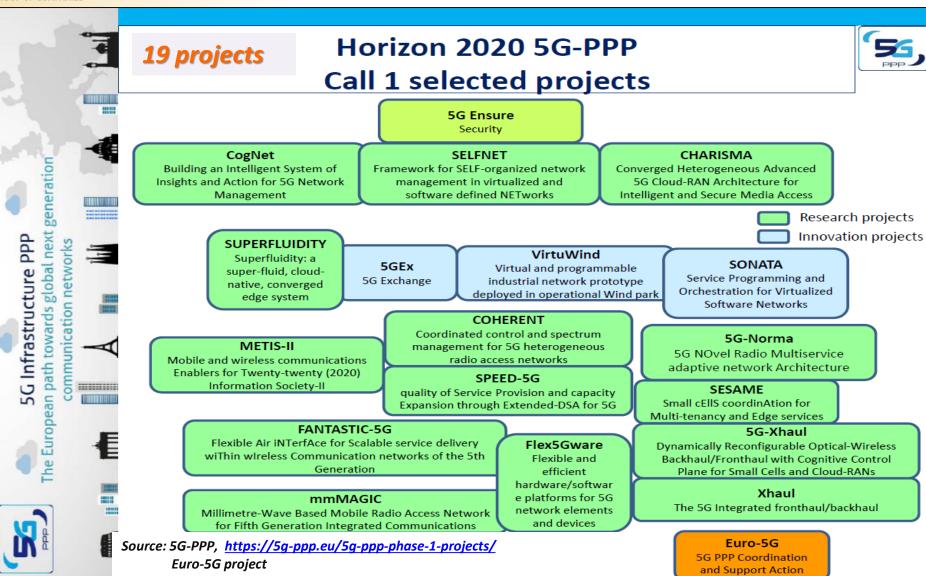
Horizon 2020 European Union funding for Research & Innovation



NetWorld2020 membership is free.



### 5G-PPP Phase-1 Projects (1/2)



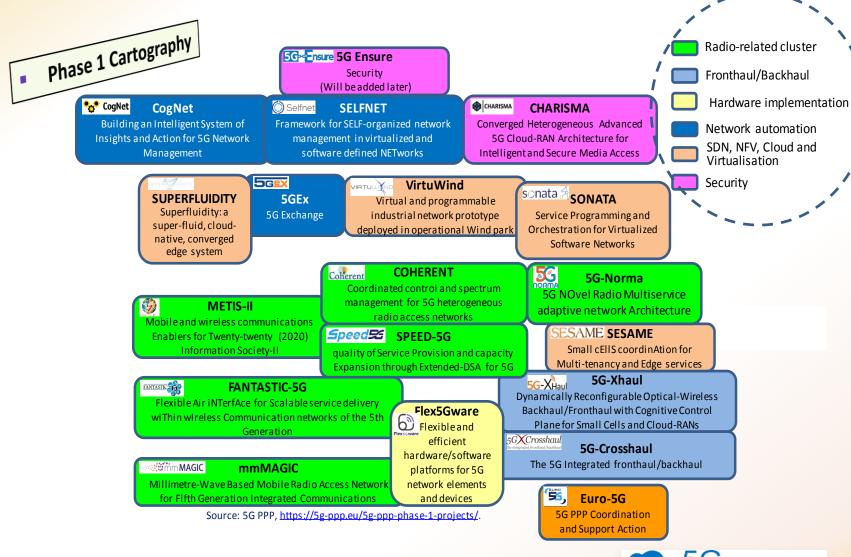








### 5G-PPP Phase-1 Projects (2/2)





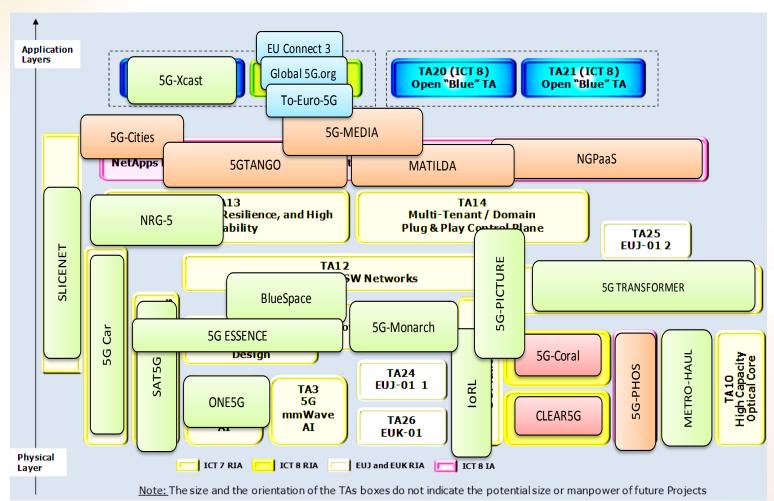






### 5G-PPP Phase-2 Projects (1/2)

### 5G-PPP Phase 2 programme



Source: 5G-PPP, <a href="https://5g-ppp.eu/5g-ppp-phase-2-projects/">https://5g-ppp.eu/5g-ppp-phase-2-projects/</a>









### 5G-PPP Phase-2 Projects (2/2)

### 21 projects

Source: 5G-PPP, https://5g-ppp.eu/5g-ppp-phase-2-projects/



#### **CLEAR5G**

Converged wireless access for reliable 5G MTC in Factories



Distributed multi-tenant cloud and radio platform for 5G neutralhosts

### 5G•MEDIA

Programmable edge-to-cloud virtualization fabric for 5G Media



#### 5G ESSENCE

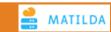
**Embedded Network Services for** 5G experiences

### 5GtangO涨

DevOps Platform for 5G Network Services and Apps

#### **G**RANSFORMER

5G Mobile Transport Platform for Verticals



Framework for devel. & orchest. of 5G apps & services



Mobile Network Architecture for 5G and beyond



E2E Cognitive Network Slicing and Slice Mgmt in 5G Networks

#### **Ne**paas:

Next Generation Platform as a Service (PaaS)

### NRS5

Smart Energy as a Service via 5G Mobile Network advances



#### **5G CAR**

5G Comms for e2e V2X and multi-RAT interworking



#### **5G Xcast**

**Broadcast and Multicast Comms** for 5G Wireless Systems



#### **METRO-HAUL**

5G App-aware metro optical network



Programm. Infrastr for disaggr. net&comp resources



#### SaT 5G

Integration of Satellite and Terrestrial network for 5G



E2E-aware Optimizations for the Network Edge of 5G New Radio



5G integrated Fiber-Wireless for high-density SDN networks



Global vision, standardisation & stakeholderengagement in 5G



5G Convergent Virtualized Radio Access Network at the Edge



#### **Bluespace**

Spatial Multiplexing 5G Networks for Adv. Networking



#### **IoRL**

Internet of Radio-Light in Buildings



Supporting the 5G-PPP especially 5G Initiative governance



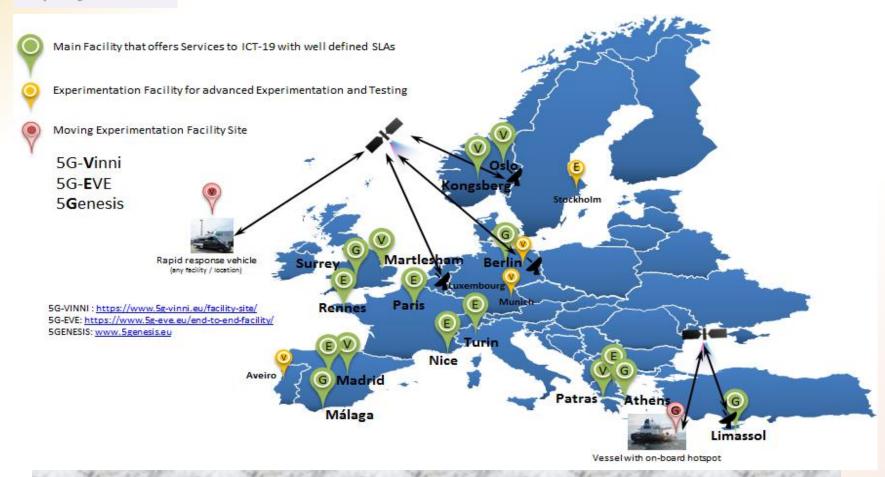
European Commission Horizon 2020 European Union funding for Research & Innovation

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP



### **5G-PPP Phase-3 Projects**

### 3 projects



### 5G Infrastructure PPP Phase 3 Platforms Projects – Geographic Cartography

Source: 5G-PPP, https://5g-ppp.eu/5g-ppp-phase-3-projects/

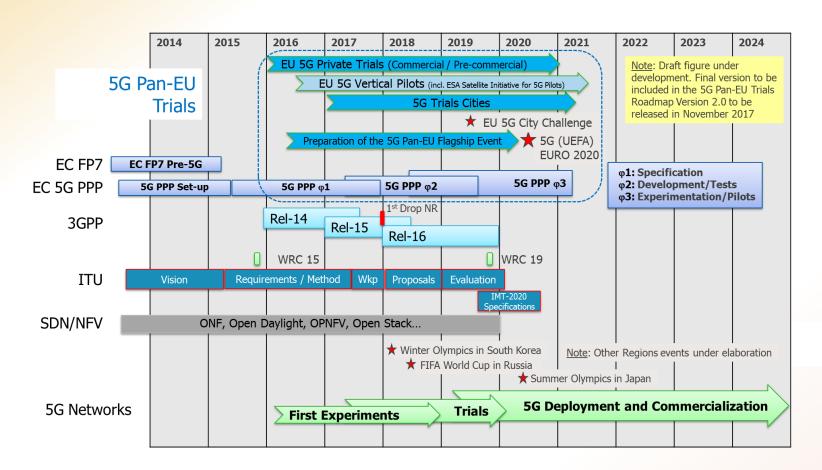








### Challenges for Growth\_(1/5)



### Pan-European Trials Roadmap

Source: 5G-PPP, https://5g-ppp.eu/

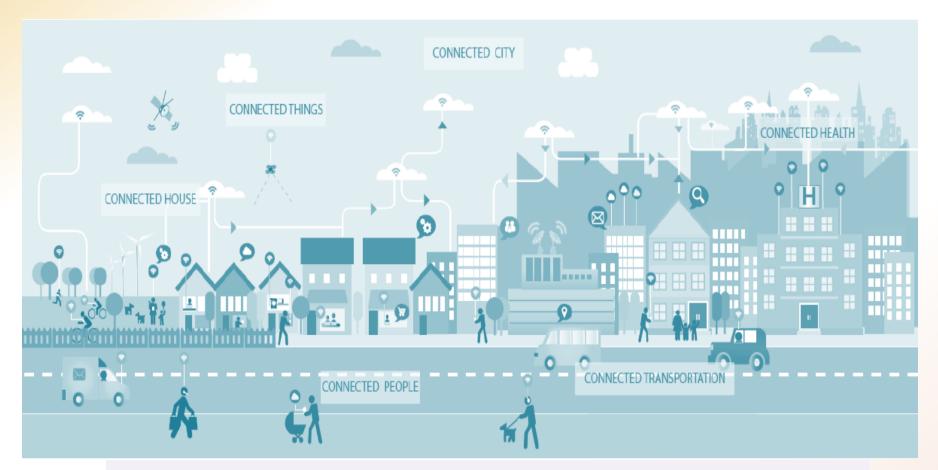








### Challenges for Growth\_(2/5)



### The Vision for the 5G-oriented future

Source: 5G-PPP, <a href="https://5g-ppp.eu/">https://5g-ppp.eu/</a>









### Challenges for Growth\_(3/5)



### The Vision for the 5G-oriented future

Source: 5G-PPP, https://5g-ppp.eu/









### Challenges for Growth\_(4/5)



### Strong Interactions with the 5G Stakeholders

Source: 5G-PPP, <a href="https://5g-ppp.eu/">https://5g-ppp.eu/</a>

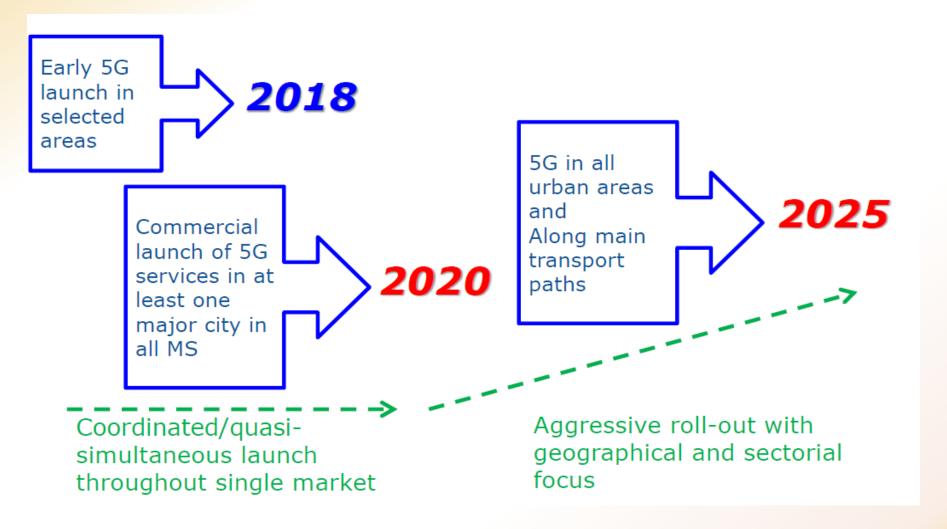








### Challenges for Growth\_(5/5)





Source: 5G-PPP, <a href="https://5g-ppp.eu/">https://5g-ppp.eu/</a>







### For further communication...

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